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**Nova Southeastern University
Graduate School of Humanities and Social Science
Department of Conflict Analysis and Resolution
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Education

University of New Orleans

Ph.D. in Political Science May 2008

Fields: Comparative Politics, International Relations, and American Institutions

Committee: Chair: Marc Rosenblum, Ph.D.; Members: Michael Huelshoff, Ph.D.; Charles Hadley, Ph.D.; Christine Day, Ph.D.; and David Lektzian, Ph.D.

Dissertation: *A Revolutionary Perspective on Social Movements: Fundamentalism in the Islamic World.*

In the last fifteen years we have seen a significant surge in the number of Islamic fundamentalist movements. Some of these movements turn to terrorism, others seek votes, and still others do both. I have developed a model that can explain the causes of Islamic fundamentalism. My fundamentalist model utilizes a labyrinth analogy that consists of four conditions. The four conditions that comprise my fundamentalist labyrinth can be found within the four social movement literatures: the socioeconomic inequality associated with Marxist theory, the resources associated with Resource Mobilization theory, opening political institutions associated Political Process theory, and the post-materialist ideas associated with New Social Movement theory. Furthermore, I have developed a data set that contains every Islamic fundamentalist movement found throughout the Islamic world during the last thirty-seven years, the states in which they operated, and states which funded them. I have also collected the socioeconomic and sociopolitical data for every predominantly Islamic state during the last thirty-seven years. With these data, I have been able to determine the causes of Islamic fundamentalism and what phenomena need to be present within the nation-state to facilitate the number of Islamic fundamentalist movements. The results of my dissertation indicate that my fundamentalist model has significant validity. To solidify my large-N results, I developed three in-depth case studies: Hamas, Hezbollah, and the Egyptian Muslim Brotherhood.

University of New Orleans (2000 Lakeview Ave, New Orleans, LA 70148)

M.A. in Political Science, 2004

Canisius College (2001 Main Street, Buffalo NY 14208)

Post-Graduate Research

Iranian Politics

January 2000- January 2001

Canisius College (2001 Main Street, Buffalo NY 14208)

M.S. in History Education, 2000

Niagara University (Niagara University, NY 14109)

B.A. in Political Science, 1998

B.A. in English Literature, 1998

Teaching Experience

Teaching Interests: International Relations, Comparative Politics, Middle Eastern Politics, Islamic Politics, Islamic Fundamentalism, Terrorism, the Iraq War, International Conflict, Social Movements, American Government, American Institutions, Research Methods, Quantitative Statistics, U.S. Foreign Policy, National Security, and Conflict Analysis and Resolution

Research Interests: Islamic Fundamentalism, Religious Extremism, Terrorism, Suicide Terrorism, Anti-System Extremism, Political Institutions, Social Movements, Islamic Politics, International Conflict, Iranian nuclear ambitions, U.S. Foreign policy, National Security, and Conflict Analysis and Resolution

**Courses Taught at Nova Southeastern University
Graduate School of Humanities and Social Sciences
Department of Conflict Analysis and Resolution**

Assistant Professor (2009-Present)

- Winter 2012 Political Violence
 Theories of Conflict Analysis and Resolution
 Research Methods
- Fall 2011 Middle East Conflict
 International Relations
 Teaching and Training
 Theories of Conflict Analysis and Resolution
- Summer 2011 Public Policy
 Islam Peace and Conflict
 Violence Prevention and Intervention
 Research Methods
 Doctoral Seminar
- Winter 2011 Theories of Conflict Analysis and Conflict Resolution
 Research Methods
- Fall 2010 Social Causes of Terrorism
 Culture and Conflict
 Violence Prevention and Intervention
- Summer 2010 Human Rights Violations, Theory, and Practice
 Foundations of Conflict Analysis and Resolution
 Research Methods
 Violence Prevention and Intervention
- Winter 2010 Theories of Conflict Analysis and Conflict Resolution
 Research Methods
 Ethno-Political and Community Based Conflicts
- Fall 2009 International Negotiation: Principles, Processes and Issues

Violence Prevention and Intervention

Courses Taught at Northern Illinois University

Department of Political Science

Visiting Assistant Professor (2008- 2009)

- Summer 2009 Middle Eastern Politics
 Terrorism in the 21st Century
- Spring 2009 Middle Eastern Politics
 Politics of the Developing World
 Introduction to Comparative Politics
- Fall 2008 Middle Eastern Politics
 Introduction to International Relations
 Political Violence

Courses Taught at Niagara University

Department of Political Science

Visiting Instructor (2007 – 2008)

- Summer 2008 U.S. Foreign Policy
 International Issues
- Spring 2008 Revolutions and Revolutionaries
 Terrorism in the 21st Century
 International Issues
- Fall 2007 International Studies
 The Iraq War
 Islamic Politics

Courses Taught at Tulane University

Department of Political Science

Instructor (2006 –2007)

- Fall 2007 International Relations
- Spring 2006 International Relations

Courses Taught at the University of New Orleans

Department of Political Science

Instructor (2002-2007)

- Summer 2007 American Government
- Spring 2007 International Relations
- Fall 2006 American Government and International Relations
- Summer 2006 American Government
- Spring 2006 Comparative Politics and International Relations
- Fall 2005 American Government and Comparative Politics
- Summer 2005 Comparative Politics
- Spring 2005 International Relations and Comparative Politics

- Fall 2004 American Government
- Summer 2004 American Government
- Spring 2004 American Government
- Fall 2003 American Government
- Summer 2003 American Government
- Spring 2003 American Government
- Fall 2002 American Government

Guest Lectures:

- Spring/Fall 2004 Research Methods at the University of New Orleans: *The Significance of Qualitative Research*
- Spring 2007 U.S. Foreign Policy at Tulane University: *The Consequences of the Bush Doctrine*
- Fall 2007 Congressional Politics at Niagara University: *Southern Politics and Congress*
- Fall 2008 International Relations Theory graduate course at Northern Illinois University: *The Importance of Constructivism in the Post-9/11 World*
- March 2010 Quantitative Methods I Nova Southeastern University: *Advanced Time Series Regressions and Research*
- July 2010 Theories of Conflict and Conflict Resolution II Nova Southeastern University: *The Ayatollah Khomeini and his Theoretical Views on Islamic Democracy and Government*

Invited Talks:

Fall 2006: University of New Orleans Sponsored Talks

- Topic: *Hezbollah: a Political Party or a Terrorist Group*
- Topic: *The Iraq War, Causes and Consequence*

Fall 2006: Tulane University Sponsored Talks

- Topic: *Hezbollah and Hamas: Why are they Having Electoral Success?*

Spring 2007: University of New Orleans Sponsored Talks

- Topic: *A Comparison of the United States and Iran's Foreign Policy Toward Iraq*

Spring 2007: Tulane University Sponsored Talks

- Topic: *Israelis and Palestinians: The Current Intifada*

Spring 2008: University of St. Bonaventure

- Topic: *Surviving Hurricane Katrina and the Political Ramifications of the Storm*

Fall 2009: Nova Southeastern University

- Darfur Calling: Conflict, Challenges, and Solutions. Topic: *Not all Sudanese Muslims are the same: Institutionalized Genocide Committed by Arab Muslims Against the African Muslim Population*

Fall 2010: Nova Southeastern University

- Genocide Awareness Conference. Topic: *Homosexual Genocide*

Winter 2011 Nova Southeastern University Lifelong Learning Institute

- Topic: *Contemporary Afghanistan: The Dynamics of Conflict Resolution*

Winter 2011 Nova Southeastern University

- Islamic Awareness Symposium: *The Egyptian Revolution and its Democratic Transition*

Winter 2011 Visiting Scholar for The Laramie Project

- Topic: *The Hypocrisy in Religious Texts and Homosexuality*

Winter 2011: Nova Southeastern University Lifelong Learning Institute

- Topic: *The Iranian Constitution and the Islamic State's Political Institutions*

Summer 2011: Nova Southeastern University Lifelong Learning Institute

- Topic: *Islamic Fundamentalism and U.S. Foreign Policy*

Fall 2011: Nova Southeastern University Lifelong Learning Institute

- Topic: Hezbollah and Lebanese Political Institutions and the Political Process

Fall 2011: Nova Southeastern University Lifelong Learning Institute

- Topic: The Negative Effects of American Political Polarization

Media Appearances/Interviews

May 12, 2010: Interview with NBC Channel 6 on the topic of Pakistani terrorists in Chile

February 2, 2011: Interview with CBS Channel 4 on the topic of political violence in Egypt and the impact on the United States

February 3, 2011: Interview with NBC Channel 6 on the topic of political violence in Egypt and the impact on the United States

February 10, 2011: Interview with NBC Channel 6 on the topic of the Egyptian Revolution and the fall of President Mubarak

February 11, 2011: Interview with the *Sun Sentinel* on the topic of the Egyptian Revolution

May 2, 2011: Interview with ABC Channel 7 on the death of Osama bin Laden

May 6, 2011: Interview with NBC Channel 6 on the death of Osama bin Laden

May 15, 2011: Interview with ABC Channel 10 on the arrest of Miami Muslims and their suspected connection and money transfers to the Pakistani Taliban

May 16, 2011: Interview with NBC Channel 6 on the arrest of Miami Muslims and their suspected connection and money transfers to the Pakistani Taliban

June 23, 2011: Interviewed with Broward Bulldog on the topic of police-profiling of Muslim Americans

June 27, 2011: Interview with NBC Channel 6 on Hugo Chavez and his health on the Chilean presidential elections

Methods Skills: Formally trained in Research Design, Econometrics, Negative Binomial Models with Both Fixed and Random Effects, Poisson Models, Time Series, Event Count, Logit and Probit Analysis, Duration Models, SPSS, STATA, Game Theory, Fuzzy-Set Social Science, and Formal Theoretical Modeling.

Additional Work Experience

NAACP Legal Defense Fund

Extensive data analysis dealing with the redistricting of Louisiana

August 2002-February 2003

United States Department of Justice

Extensive data analysis dealing with the redistricting of Georgia in the case *Georgia v. Ashcroft*

November 2003-January 2004

United States Immigration Court

Expert witness testimony concerning the deportation of Palestinian to West Jerusalem

April 2010

Academic Services

Niagara University (2007-2008)

- Student advising in both the political science and international relations departments
- Faculty adviser to the student Multicultural Committee

- Independent study *Judicial Politics* (Spring 2008)
- Independent study *Women and Islam* (Spring 2008)
- Independent study *Social Movements, Americanization, and Modernization* (Spring 2008)
- Independent study *Conflict* (Spring 2008)
- Independent study *Middle Eastern Policy* (Summer 2008)

University of Northern Illinois (2008-2009)

- Model UN (Guest Advisor on Middle East)
- Independent study *The Iraq War* (Spring 2009)
- Independent study *Conflict in the Middle East* (Spring 2009)
- Independent study *Latin American Politics* (Summer 2009)

Nova Southeastern University

Student Based:

- Founder and facilitator/advisor of the Middle East Islamic Awareness Working Group
- Faculty facilitator/advisor for the Asian Conflict Working Group
- Faculty facilitator/advisor the International Diplomacy Working Group
- Editor in Chief of the *Journal of Asian Conflict Resolution*
- Independent study *Gender and Conflict* (Summer 2010)
- Independent study *Political Theory* (Summer 2010)
- Independent study *International Relations Theory* (Summer 2010)
- Independent study *Advanced Theories in Conflict Analysis and Resolution* (Winter 2011)
- Independent study *Islamic Conflict and Peace* (Winter 2011)

Department Based:

- Acting Associate Chair of the Department of Conflict Analysis and Resolution (*presently*)
- Chair of the Department of Conflict Analysis and Resolution Curriculum Committee (*Winter 2010-present*)
- Department of Conflict Analysis and Resolution Faculty Search Committee Member (*Winter 2010-present*)
- Department of Conflict Analysis and Resolution faculty representative and spokesperson for all open houses and University gatherings (*Winter 2010-present*)
- Department of Conflict Analysis and Resolution Master's Admission Committee Member (*Fall 2009-present*)
- Department of Conflict Analysis and Resolution Doctoral Admission Committee Member (*Summer 2010-Summer 2011*)
- Department of Conflict Analysis and Resolution Comprehensive Exam Committee Member (*Fall 2010-Winter 2011*)
- Faculty co-facilitator for the NSU Common Ground Film Festival (*Fall 2009*)

University Based:

- Department of Family Therapy Doctoral Program Internal Review Committee (*Fall 2009/Winter 2010*)

- Department of Family Therapy Master's Program Internal Review Committee (*Fall 2010/Winter 2011*)
- Faculty Advisor for the creation of the Graduate Department of National Security (*Fall 2010*)
- Faculty Advisor for the creation of the Graduate Department of Political Science (*Winter 2011*)
- The Graduate School of Humanities and Social Science representative on University Committee to improve retention and graduation rates (*Fall 2010-present*)

Professional Affiliations

American Political Science Association
 Midwest Political Science Association
 Southern Political Science Association
 Middle East Studies Association
 Institute for Palestinian Studies

Academic Conferences

2012 Southern Political Science Association in New Orleans, LA: "The Causes of Islamic Terrorism: A Quantitative Analysis" This paper determines, through the application of quantitative analysis, the causes of terrorism (also suicide terrorism) what phenomena exists/do not exist within majority-Islamic nation-states that facilitate the number terrorist (also suicide terrorist) attacks. Used here as a dependent variable is the total number of fundamentalist movements within the state and my preliminary results indicate that there is no relationship between a state's degree of fundamentalism (total number of fundamentalist movements) and the total number of terrorist (also suicide terrorist) attacks.

2011 Southern Political Science Association in New Orleans, LA: "Homosexual Genocide" This will be a book length evaluation of the systematic persecution and the institutionalized degradation and murder homosexuals have endured since the birth of Christendom. I start with an evaluation of homosexuality prior to Christianity. I then evaluate the contradictions between the original Biblical texts and that of the early theologians and religious figures that purposely changed the wording to help facilitate the persecution of homosexuals. From there I evaluate American Protestantism and Mormonism and the tens of thousands of suicides committed by homosexuals as a direct result of their religious teachings. From here I evaluate AIDS, the 1980s, and apathy of policy makers. Then, I evaluate homosexuality in the Islamic world. Finally, I will evaluate the massive drug use and parting that has currently penetrated the gay community.

2009 Midwest Political Science Association in Chicago: "Terrorism and Islamic Fundamentalism: A Quantitative Comparison." This is a quantitative time-series analysis that uses the total number of terrorist acts in predominately Islamic nation-states as the dependent variable and determines the necessary conditions facilitating the degree of terrorism.

2008 Midwest Political Science Association in Chicago: "The Causes of Islamic Fundamentalism: A Quantitative Analysis." This paper looks at the causes of Islamic fundamentalism from a purely statistical standpoint.

2008 Midwest Political Science Association in Chicago "The Institutionalization of Islamic Social Movements: A Comparative Analysis of Hamas, Hezbollah, and the Muslim Brotherhood." This paper is a most-different systems qualitative analysis that looks at the emergence of Islamic fundamentalist political parties: Hamas, Hezbollah, and the Egyptian Muslim Brotherhood.

Publications and Research in Progress

Book Review: *Freedom's Unsteady March: America's Role in Building Arab Democracy*. *American Review of Politics*, Vol. 30 (Spring/Summer, 2009).

Encyclopedia of Islamic Fundamentalist Movements (Under Contract 4/11 with Praeger Publishing House): This is a two volume Islamic fundamentalist movement encyclopedia that will categorize, describe, and explain the ideological and biographical backgrounds of more than 700 known Islamic fundamentalist movements that have been in operation since 1970. There are three main objectives this anthology will meet: first, students, academics, and practitioners will be able to use the encyclopedia to gather information and statistics on each of the more than 700 Islamic fundamentalist movements that are in operation or have been in operation since 1970; second, the encyclopedia will facilitate awareness and educate individuals on the history, ideological arguments, and motives of every movement included within it; finally, the encyclopedia will impart the imperative understanding that all fundamentalist movements are not the same.

Anthology of Islamic Fundamentalist Movements (tentative contractual agreement with Praeger Publishing House to follow the Encyclopedia of Islamic Fundamentalist Movements when finished): I am proposing an Islamic fundamentalist movement anthology that will be broken down into 9 chapters, each representing an Islamic nation-state and an in-depth historical, biological, and ideological explanation of all fundamentalist movements in operation there. My proposed book, *The Islamic Fundamentalist Anthology*, will serve as a core text across interdisciplinary fields. Primarily, this book will enhance the ongoing discussions concerning Islamic fundamentalism, Islamic studies, terrorism, national security, Middle Eastern politics, and political science. Political scientists, historians, practitioners, governmental agents, and sociologists will also benefit from the conceptual frameworks used to articulate and invariably define and explain the many types of Islamic fundamentalist movements. This book would be the first of its kind. Another goal of the book is to spark the interest of fellow academics and encourage further debate and research into the study of Islamic fundamentalist movements.

"Social Movements and Islamic Fundamentalism" (Submitted to *Social Movement Studies* 10/10): What is lacking in the Islamic fundamentalist literature is a solid theory that can accurately explain the formation and duration of Islamic fundamentalist movements. In this paper I provide that theory by taking an amalgamation of the four competing social movement theories and arguing that the fundamental assumptions associated with each are necessary conditions in explaining the formation and duration of Islamic fundamentalism. Specifically, the socioeconomic inequality associated with Marxism, the rationality and resources associated with resource mobilization, the political institutional repression and opening political institutions associated with political process, and the post-modernist ideas associated with the new social movement.

"The Causes of Islamic Fundamentalism: A Quantitative Analysis" (Submitted to *Muslim World Journal of Human Rights* 12/10): This paper determines, through the application of quantitative analysis, the causes of Islamic fundamentalism and what phenomena exists/do not exist within majority-Islamic nation-states that facilitate the number of Islamic fundamentalist movements present.

"The Causes of Islamic Terrorism: A Quantitative Analysis" (Submitted to *Studies in Conflict and Terrorism* 11/10): This paper determines, through the application of quantitative analysis, the causes of

terrorism (also suicide terrorism) what phenomena exists/do not exist within majority-Islamic nation-states that facilitate the number terrorist (also suicide terrorist) attacks. Used here as a dependent variable is the total number of fundamentalist movements within the state and my preliminary results indicate that there is no relationship between a state's degree of fundamentalism (total number of fundamentalist movements) and the total number of terrorist (also suicide terrorist) attacks.

“Egyptian Revolution and Islamic Fundamentalism” (Submitted to *International Studies Quarterly* 4/11): The goal of this paper is to facilitate awareness of Islamic fundamentalism, specifically the Egyptian Muslim Brotherhood. I will show that the Egyptian Revolution should be celebrated. In so doing, I develop a model that helps explain what is facilitating successful Islamic fundamentalist movements, like the Egyptian Muslim Brotherhood. Second, I explain that all fundamentalist movements are not the same. They can be divided into three categories: extremist, moderate, or liberal. Extremist Islamic movements aim to create an Islamic state through militarism and extreme terrorism. Examples include al-Qaeda, Taliban, and the Islamic Jihad. These groups cannot be compromised or negotiated with and often times their objective is the elimination or subjugation of the United States. Moderate Islamic fundamentalist movements want to pursue their own sociopolitical agendas within quasi-democratic or Majoritarian-democratic state institutions. To achieve their objectives, they sometimes turn to terrorism while frequently employing other tactics such as political action and demonstrations. Examples of moderate groups include Hezbollah or the Islamic International Brigade. Liberal Islamic movements want to pursue their political agendas within democratic state institutions. They are willing to work within existing democratic institutions or they facilitate the creation of new ones. Also, they do not condone or support acts of terrorism. Examples of liberal groups include the Palestinian and Egyptian Muslim Brotherhoods. Third, I show how American socioeconomic and sociopolitical institutions are not implementable in the Islamic world and the emergence and success of Islamic fundamentalist movements exemplify this. The foundation of American Capitalism rests on the “survival of the fittest” assumptions inherent in capitalism. These assumptions have been exemplified in the presidency of Hosni Mubarak and are not applicable in the Egyptian people and the greater Islamic world. Third, I show how American socioeconomic and sociopolitical institutions are not implementable in the Islamic world and the emergence and success of Islamic fundamentalist movements exemplify this.

“American Capitalism: The Facilitator of Islamic Fundamentalism “ (Submitted to the *Journal of Politics* August 2011): What the United States policy makers have yet to understand is that the implementation of American capitalism in the Islamic world has resulted in significant hostility; specifically the rise of Islamic fundamentalism. The “survival of the fittest” mentality inherent in capitalism runs completely counter to the foundations of Islam. As a result of American hegemonic (militaristic and economic) domination spreading its rigid class system and capitalist values in areas that are majority Muslim, an ideological based conflict has emerged that has engulfed both cultures. This paper evaluates the inherent incompatibility of American capitalism and Islam. It is becoming extremely difficult to determine the point of demarcation between international relations and comparative politics and no phenomena blurs this point more than the rise and actions of Islamic fundamentalists.

“Can Iran Save Us” (Expected to be finished Winter 2012): This paper argues that if the United States is going to be successful in the wars in Iraq and Afghanistan then there needs to be drastic changes in the way we are building their sociopolitical institutions. If we continue to use the capitalist model to implement American-like democratic institutions in Iraq and Afghanistan we will continue to fail. If the United States is going to be successful then we must establish Iranian style political institutions and use the Ayatollah Khomeini model for Islamic democracy as our model.

“Al-Qaeda as an Epistemic Community” (Expected to be finished Winter 2012): Epistemic communities facilitate learning, negotiation, ideological development, and they deepen individual and collective societal knowledge on specific issues. The epistemic community’s authority is the result of their recognized expertise and their ability to influence policy, just as Al-Qaeda does.

“The Politics of Hezbollah” (Expected to be finished Winter 2011): This paper looks at the rise of Hezbollah as a terrorist movement and evaluates its evolutionary transformation into two different types of movements: one still committing acts of terrorism and one utilizing electoral politics and vote-seeking.

“Iranian Political Institutions and the Rationality of Nuclear Weapons” (Expected to be finished Summer 2012): this article looks at the institutional and military restraints of President Ahmadinejad and the rationality of Iran’s nuclear program

Why They Hate Us: This is a book length study that will encompass the case-study chapters from my dissertation. My objective here is twofold. First, it is to develop an easily understood explanation of the causes of Islamic fundamentalism. Secondly, I intend to evaluate U.S. foreign policy toward Islamic nation-states and explain what it is about our foreign policy that is fueling the animosity both fundamentalists and everyday Muslims have toward the United States. The case studies would include: Iran, Iraq, Saudi Arabia, Lebanon, Palestine, Egypt, and Al-Qaeda

Homosexual Genocide: This will be a book length evaluation of the systematic persecution and the institutionalized degradation and murder homosexuals have endured since the birth of Christendom. I start with an evaluation of homosexuality prior to Christianity. I then evaluate the contradictions between the original Biblical texts and that of the early theologians and religious figures that purposely changed the wording to help facilitate the persecution of homosexuals. From there I evaluate American Protestantism and Mormonism and the tens of thousands of suicides committed by homosexuals as a direct result of their religious teachings. From here I evaluate AIDS, the 1980s, and apathy of policy makers. Then, I evaluate homosexuality in the Islamic world. Finally, I will evaluate the massive drug use and parting that has currently penetrated the gay community.

Datasets

- I have collected and coded every Islamic fundamentalist group that is or has been in operation in the Islamic world since 1970. I define a fundamentalist group as any group, political party, or issue-oriented militant movement which is non-secular in its beliefs, ideas, or dogmas. It also must encourage, sponsor, or condone the lack of separation of church and state within government, state institutions, education, or educational institutions. Furthermore, for a group to be considered fundamentalist, it must have socio-political objectives and not just religious ones.
- Complete compiling of all terrorist and suicide terrorist attacks and attempted attacks for all fundamentalist groups by day from 1970-2008, datasets includes groups, names, years, and number of deaths or injured.

Honors and Awards

- Stuey Award (Nova Southeastern University wide award for excellence) university wide finalist for Co-Curriculum Advisor of the year award for 2011

- Stuey Award (Nova Southeastern University wide award for excellence) faculty winner for the Graduate School of Humanities and Social Science for the Co-Curriculum Advisor of the year award for 2011
- Stuey Award winner in the Department of Conflict Analysis and Resolution for the Co-Curriculum of the year award for 2011
- Stuey Award winner in the Department of Conflict Analysis and Resolution for Professor of the year award for 2011
- Appointed to the University of New Orleans Committee on University Honors and Awards 2005-2007
- Crescent City Doctoral Scholarship, University of New Orleans 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008
- Graduate Assistantship, University of New Orleans 2002, 2003
- Pi Sigma Alpha, Political Science Honors Society 2002
- College of Education Superior Graduate Student Award, Canisius College, 1999
- Kappa Delta Pi, Honor Society for Education, 1999
- Niagara University Academic Scholarship 1994-1998
- Niagara University Dean's List, 1998, 1997, 1995, 1994

References:

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Dr. Neil Katz
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